## **Environmental Protection Agency**

fueled or gaseous-fueled diesel-cycle certification vehicles, those for particulate emissions from Otto-cycle certification vehicles or gaseous-fueled vehicles, and those for formaldehyde emissions from petroleum-fueled vehicles. Also eligible for such requests are standards for total hydrocarbon emissions from model year 1994 and later certification vehicles. By separate request, including appropriate supporting test data, the manufacturer may request that the Administrator also waive the requirement to measure particulate or formaldehyde emissions when conducting Selective Enforcement Audit testing of Otto-cycle vehi-

(2) Certification engines. The manufacturer shall submit emission data on such engines tested in accordance with applicable emission test procedures of this subpart and in such numbers as specified. These data shall include zero-hour data, if generated, and emission data generated for certification as required under §86.000-26(c)(4). In lieu of providing emission data on idle CO emissions or particulate emissions from methanol-fueled or gaseous-fueled diesel-cycle certification engines, on particulate emissions from Otto-cycle engines, or on CO emissions from diesel-cycle certification engines, the Administrator may, on request of the manufacturer, allow the manufacturer to demonstrate (on the basis of previous emission tests, development tests, or other information) that the engine will conform with the applicable emission standards of this part. In lieu of providing emission data on smoke emissions from methanol-fueled or petroleum-fueled diesel certification engines, the Administrator may, on the request of the manufacturer, allow the manufacturer to demonstrate (on the basis of previous emission tests, development tests, or other information) that the engine will conform with the applicable emissions standards of this part. In lieu of providing emissions data on smoke emissions from dieselcycle engines when conducting Selective Enforcement Audit testing under subpart K of this part, the Administrator may, on separate request of the manufacturer, allow the manufacturer to demonstrate (on the basis of previous emission tests, development tests, or other information) that the engine will conform with the applicable smoke emissions standards of this part.

- (d)–(e)(1) [Reserved]. For guidance see \$86.098-23.
- (e)(2) and (e)(3) [Reserved]. For guidance see §86.001-23.
- (f)-(g) [Reserved]. For guidance see §86.095-23.
- (h)–(k) [Reserved]. For guidance see \$86.098-23.
- (1) [Reserved]. For guidance see §86.095-23.
- (m) [Reserved]. For guidance see §86.098-23.
- (n) Measure CO2, N2O, and CH4 with each low-hour certification test for heavy-duty engines using the procedures specified in 40 CFR part 1065 as specified in this paragraph (n). Report these values in your application for certification. The requirements of this paragraph (n) apply starting with model year 2011 for CO2 and 2012 for CH4. The requirements of this paragraph (n) related to N2O emissions apply for engine families that depend on NO<sub>X</sub> aftertreatment to meet emission standards starting with model year 2013. These measurements are not required for NTE testing. Use the same units and calculations as for your other results to report a single weighted value for CO2, N2O, and CH4 for each test. Round the final values as follows:
- (1) Round  $CO_2$  to the nearest 1 g/bhp-hr.
- (2) Round  $N_2O$  to the nearest 0.001 g/bhp-hr.
- (3) Round  $CH_4$  to the nearest 0.001 g/bhp-hr.

[66 FR 5164, Jan. 18, 2001, as amended at 74 FR 56373, Oct. 30, 2009]

## § 86.007-25 Maintenance.

Section 86.007-25 includes text that specifies requirements that differ from  $\S86.094-25$ ,  $\S86.098-25$ , or  $\S86.004-25$ . Where a paragraph in  $\S86.094-25$ ,  $\S86.098-25$ , or  $\S86.004-25$  is identical and applicable to  $\S86.007-25$ , this may be indicated by specifying the corresponding paragraph and the statement "[Reserved]. For guidance see  $\S86.094-25$ .", "[Reserved]. For guidance see  $\S86.098-25$ .", or "[Reserved]. For guidance see  $\S86.098-25$ .", or "[Reserved]. For guidance see

## § 86.007-30

- (a)–(a)(2) [Reserved]. For guidance see \$86.004–25.
- (b) introductory text through (b)(3)(ii) [Reserved]. For guidance see \$86.094-25.
- (b)(3)(iii)–(b)(3)(v)(H) [Reserved]. For guidance see \$86.004-25.
- (b)(3)(vi)(A)-(b)(3)(vi)(D) [Reserved]. For guidance see §86.094–25.
- (b)(3)(vi)(E)-(b)(3)(vi)(J) [Reserved]. For guidance see § 86.098–25.
- (b)(4) introductory text through (b)(4)(iii)(C) [Reserved]. For guidance see \$86.004-25.
- (b)(4)(iii)(D) Particulate trap or trap oxidizer systems including related components (adjustment and cleaning only for filter element, replacement of the filter element is not allowed during the useful life).
- (b)(4)(iii)(E) [Reserved]. For guidance see § 86.004–25.
- (F) Catalytic converter (adjustment and cleaning only for catalyst beds, replacement of the bed is not allowed during the useful life).
- (b)(4)(iii)(G)-(b)(6) [Reserved]. For guidance see § 86.004-25.
- (b)(7)-(h) [Reserved]. For guidance see §86.094-25.
- (i) Notwithstanding the provisions of \$86.004-25(b)(4)(iii) introductory text through (b)(4)(iii)(C), paragraph (b)(4)(iii)(D) of this section, \$86.004-25(b)(4)(iii)(E), paragraph (b)(4)(iii)(F) of this section, \$86.004-25(b)(4)(iii)(G), and \$86.004-25(b)(6), manufacturers of heavy-duty engines may schedule replacement or repair of particulate trap (or trap oxidizer) systems or catalytic converters (including  $NO_X$  adsorbers), provided:
- (1) The manufacturer demonstrates to the Administrator's satisfaction that the repair or replacement will be performed according to the schedule; and
- (2) The manufacturer pays for the repair or replacement.

[66 FR 5164, Jan. 18, 2001]

## §86.007-30 Certification.

(a)(1)(i) If, after a review of the test reports and data submitted by the manufacturer, data derived from any inspection carried out under §86.091–7(c) and any other pertinent data or information, the Administrator determines that a test vehicle(s) (or test en-

- gine(s)) meets the requirements of the Act and of this subpart, he will issue a certificate of conformity with respect to such vehicle(s) (or engine(s)) except in cases covered by paragraphs (a)(1)(ii) and (c) of this section.
- (ii) Gasoline-fueled and methanol-fueled heavy-duty vehicles. If, after a review of the statement(s) of compliance submitted by the manufacturer under §86.094-23(b)(4) and any other pertinent data or information, the Administrator determines that the requirements of the Act and this subpart have been met, he will issue one certificate of conformity per manufacturer with respect to the evaporative emission family(ies) covered by paragraph (c) of this section.
- (2) Such certificate will be issued for such period not to exceed one model year as the Administrator may determine and upon such terms as he may deem necessary or appropriate to assure that any new motor vehicle (or new motor vehicle engine) covered by the certificate will meet the requirements of the Act and of this part.
- (3)(i) One such certificate will be issued for each engine family. For gasoline-fueled and methanol-fueled lightduty vehicles and light-duty trucks, and petroleum-fueled diesel cycle lightduty vehicles and light-duty trucks not certified under §86.098–28(g), one such certificate will be issued for each engine family-evaporative/refueling emission family combination. Each certificate will certify compliance with no more than one set of in-use and certification standards (or family emission limits, as appropriate).
- (ii) For gasoline-fueled and methanol fueled heavy-duty vehicles, one such certificate will be issued for each manufacturer and will certify compliance for those vehicles previously identified in that manufacturer's statement(s) of compliance as required in §86.098–23(b)(4)(i) and (ii).
- (iii) For diesel light-duty vehicles and light-duty trucks, or diesel HDEs, included in the applicable particulate averaging program, the manufacturer may at any time during production elect to change the level of any family particulate emission limit by demonstrating compliance with the new limit as described in §86.094–28(a)(6),